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NUMBER 73.

The requiem of the brave.
WIZZARD & CO
Baltimore, Dec. 9, 1922.

sion of science has expanded the human intellect, and developed its energies. The credulity of mankind is no longer to be imposed upon by the legerdemain tricks of the subtle and the designing. By the march of reformation we have been liberated from those superstitious customs that were once imposed upon the auspices of priestcraft upon the ignorant and unenlightened. The torch of truth has dispelled the darkness that once enveloped the human mind, and we now read with astonishment the details of superstitious practices recorded in history. But little more than a century ago, evil spirits, such as witches, ghosts, &c. were believed to have a very familiar intercourse with mankind, and many strange and ridiculous things were said to be performed through their agency. *Nails, crooked pins, needles, &c. were said to be vomited by some of*

"I attended, (says our traveller) the yearly meeting in New-York, when I heard Richard Mott, in a most interesting manner, upon the general state of the society deliver a speech, perhaps never surpassed for argumentative powers and consummation."

that could be offered, as appears by the example of the King of the Ammonites half-shaving the ambassadors sent to his court by King David. The beard among the Musselmén is an article of very important consideration in their religious code—because Mahomet never cut his off, he held it sacred, and even swear by it. Such was the veneration in which the beard was held in former times, that it was more infamous for a man to be shaved than it would be among us to be publicly whipped, crot, or branded with a hot iron; and many no doubt would sooner have lost their noses than their beards.

FRAMPTON.

band. "Take me!" exclaimed she, (with as big an air as a bucket,) what a curio-

agency. Nails, crooked pins, needles, were said to be vomited by some of

THE FIELD-STAR OF BETHLEHEM.

BY WILLIAM E. TAPPAN.

"The field-star of Bethlehem is the most ghostlike of flowers. It resembles a large lily, with the blossoms almost green, the stalks almost white, with a strange shadowy mixture of tints, a ghastly uncertainty, a sepulchral paleness, a solid clayey visible coldness. Dr. Clark found the field-star of Bethlehem on a tumulus, in the Tross, which is called the grave of Ajas. Never was any locality more appropriate. It is the flower of the grave."

There's a plant of the desert, all lonely 'tis seen,
It blossoms unknown on the couch of the slain;
With the hue of the architecture, coldly in mine,
Blossoms the field-star of Bethlehem, the flower of the grave.

It seeks not the garden, it shuns the parterre,
Though lovely, the lowliest of Flora's gay train;
In the grave, though the choicest and sweetest
Curell there.

Lies not this city stranger, the queen of the plain.

The moon in its brightness looks not on this flower,
But chilly and pale each moist petal appears;
The night-star, while glowing alone in its bower,
Still wonders to see the sweet tendrils in tears.

The soil of the vanquished bath given it birth,
The clime of the subject its beauty hath nourish'd;
Its home, the degenerate, polluted of earth,
Yet the spot where the sage and the warrior have flourish'd.

Yes, and shall flourish proudly! for they that
Have slept,
Awake from long night, spurning fear and the
chain;

And where, o'er her ruins, young liberty wept,
The smile of the free brightens gladly again.

Bloom, bloom, lovely flower! yet no longer alone,
Unfold all thy fragrance! yet not on the grave;
A clime unspotted henceforth is thy own,
Bloom thou for the soldier, a wreath for the brave.

COMMUNICATION.

PEACE, KITHOY.

It would be a work of supererogation, to step forward as an advocate for the "Stars," after so many fairer ones than mine have been employed to impress upon the minds of the public its usefulness in reforming immorality and contributing, in a national manner, to banish dull care. I shall limit my observations to the performances at the "City Theatre." It must be a gratifying reflection to every one who feels a spark of patriotism glowing in his breast, to know that several new pieces, the productions of our own soil, have been presented at the "City Theatre," and met with the warm reception, which to generally characterizes a Philadelphia audience. But "the labourer is worthy of his hire," it was to the exertions of the performers that they were exhibited with the brilliancy which has elicited so much approbation.

The company, under its late re-organization, contains a considerable portion of dramatic talents. Messrs. Porter, Allen, &c. &c. personally their respective parts with judgment and taste, and at the representation of "Monsieur Tomson," I could not as well as Mr. Montague as the "Bliss of this stage." This is not the language of fulsome panegyric—there are grades of distinction in the "Omnia" as well as the "Fragile" departments of the Drama, and I have observed a versatility of genius in Mr. M. which forcibly reminds me of Mr. Jefferson when he represents Sambo, Numbo, &c. &c. It would be unequal to suffer the fair to pass unnoticed. Mrs. Smith is certainly a correct actress. Mr. Smith fails to please, and Mrs. Montague is the best woman that was ever seen by GARRICK.

Weekly Compendium.

Two females were robbed of their reticules on the evening of Saturday last, in second street, while out attending to the concerns of their families. These thefts it is likely were committed by the same individual, a black man, as they took place in different parts of the street, and at separate hours of the evening. One of the reticules contained eight dollars. Watchmen to your duty—keep a sharp look out.

A fire broke out on Sunday night last, about eight o'clock, on Flintham's wharf, which consumed two blackmaker's shops, a cooper's shop, the firewood stores formerly occupied by Mr. Flintham, and an adjoining building used for packing hay and tobacco stems.

On Monday morning last, a colored man was found frozen to death in a court in Lombard street, between Fifth and Sixth.

Quick passage.—The ship Caroline of this port, arrived at the Belize in ten days and nine hours from the Capes of Delagoa.

Fire.—On Wednesday morning, about 4 o'clock, a small frame house attached to a dwelling in Plum street Third street, was destroyed by fire.

Hollingshead and Scull, who were convicted of a conspiracy to defraud several insurance companies of this city, have been sentenced to one year's imprisonment at hard labor, and to pay a fine of 100 dollars each.

Counterfeit three dollar notes, wretchedly executed, of the Morristown (N. J.) Bank, are in circulation in this city.

A large heap of Virginia coal in the Navy Yard, took fire spontaneously on Monday morning. It was not extinguished without difficulty.

Moss, Esq. has been appointed by the Governor to be the President Judge of the District Court of Philadelphia, in place of Jared Ingersoll, Esq. deceased.

It is stated, by a Member of Congress, that by the latest information from Mr. McDuffie, it was thought he would lose his life, owing to the arm, in which he was wounded in his late contest, not having been amputated in time.

Commodore David Porter has been appointed to the command of our Naval Forces on the West India Station.

Two dwelling houses and two barns were destroyed by fire at Saco, state of Maine, on the 7th inst. The exertions of the ladies in attempting to arrest the progress of the devouring element, are spoken of in the lightest terms of commendation.

Martha Wilson was executed in Jackson county, Alabama, on the 15th ult. for murder. He was convicted on circumstantial evidence, and persisted in his innocence to the last.

JAMES PLEASANT has been elected Governor of the State of Virginia, for the ensuing year.

Accounts from St. Pierre, Martinique, to the 14th ult. state that the late negro plot had been entirely suppressed, and that about 70 of the blacks were to be executed on the 18th.

Samuel Smith, Esq. has been elected a Senator from Maryland, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. William Pinkney.

The late Mrs. Garrick was so conscious of her approaching dissolution that she ordered the sheets which were on the bed when Garrick died, and which were scrupulously preserved by her, to be aired and put upon her bed. Whilst the servant was doing this the old lady expired in her chair.

Counterfeiters.—Joel and Nathan Severance, brothers, have been convicted at Salem, (Mass.) of passing counterfeit money, and sentenced to the state prison, the former for life, and the latter for four years. John How, for stealing a horse and chaise, was sentenced to three days solitary confinement, and 18 months hard labor.

The U. S. schr. Shark, Lieut. Com. Matthew C. Perry, arrived at Norfolk on Friday week, after a cruise of ten months, in the West Indian seas, Gulf of Mexico, and on the western coast of Africa, without the loss of a single man. She was under sail 236 days, during which time she boarded 166 vessels, gave convoy to 30, assisted five in actual distress, and captured several pirates.

James Robinson, who nearly perished in Tennessee, then all a wilderness, lived to see the country populated and assume the rank of an independent state, of which he himself was the freely elected chief magistrate.

A child only 20 months old belonging to the Editor of the *Itasca*, (N. Y.) Journal, was scalded to death on the 4th inst. by fallen backwards into a kettle of hot water, which stood in the corner of the kitchen fire place.

Deaths by Intoxication.—The Courtland (N. Y.) Repository of the 3d inst. records no less than three deaths by intoxication in the course of a few days. One of the persons named Rogers, who resided at Genoa, having removed his family to a neighbor's house to have his own repaired, lay down in some shavings in a state of inebriety, and was discovered almost entirely consumed by the flames, which had nearly demolished his dwelling. The other two were drowned, one in the lake at Ithaca, and the other in a ditch near that village.

The present legislature of Vermont consists of 157 farmers; 22 manufacturers and mechanics; 20 lawyers; 12 merchants, and 1 printer—making in all 212 members.

A large Hog brought from Troy, was exhibited in the city of New-York on Tuesday last, which weighed 1405 lbs.

James J. Wilson, Esq. Post master at Trenton, N. J. and a member of the legislature of that state, on Monday week, in a fit of delirium, concealing his house to be on fire, threw himself out of a two story window, and by the fall broke both of his legs above the knees, and received other injury. His life is despaired of.

Fire at Porto Rico.—Twenty-four buildings, besides several small houses and stores, were destroyed by fire at Augadilla, P. R. on the 20th Oct. Many affluent families were reduced to poverty, and it is stated, that the villain who had caused the fire had been apprehended.

Summary Ejectment.—A tenement termed "a noted house," at Hartford, (Conn.) was lately pulled down by an association of Volunteers, who, without any legal authority, are said to have abated the nuisance as effectually as it could have been done by a regular *quo warranto* proster-nere.

The United States Frigate Congress, Capt. Biddle, arrived at St. Thomas 29th Nov. from Norfolk, via St. Barts.

Fire Arms.—Another instance has occurred at Cadiz, Ohio, of the improper use of fire arms. Two men were handling a gun carelessly, without knowing it was loaded, and one of them having snapped it to try if it would make fire, the gun went off, and killed a little girl of 12 years of age.

Mr. John L. Wilson has been elected Governor of South Carolina.

Was drowned, on Tuesday, the 2d inst. in the Delaware river, near Marcus Hook, Clement Loper, son of Mr. Lot Loper, residing near Bridgetown. The deceased had taken passage from Philadelphia for Maurice river, on board of the sloop Pike, and was knocked overboard. Although every effort was used to save him, he sunk to rise no more.

Don Jose Manuel Zozaya, was presented on Thursday week, to the President of the United States, as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from Mexico.

The Mermoid carried to England by Captain Edes, was advertised for exhibition at London on the 16th October.

Small Pox.—A single case of small pox having appeared at Baltimore which terminated in death, the Board of Health there ordered the body to be removed, and measures to be taken to obviate the extension of the disease, by burning the bedding, apparel, &c. of the family.

The dispute which has subsisted so long between Kentucky and Virginia respecting Land claims, is about to be settled agreeably to the terms of the convention formed between Mr. Clay on the part of Kentucky, and Mr. Watkins Leigh, on the part of Virginia.

Union of the Canadas.—The meetings, which have taken place in the Canadas, to promote an union of the colonies, have been so great that the Editors of the Montreal Herald find it impossible to publish the whole of the proceedings. The measure seems to be universally approved of.

Governor Cass, of the Territory of Michigan, arrived at Washington, on Monday last.

Liberal papers state, that Mr. Canning has assured the Portuguese Minister at London, in answer to his inquiry, what would be the conduct of England, should the Holy Alliance interfere in the concerns of Portugal—that "the British government would never consent that Portugal should be attacked on account of its political opinions."

A large quantity of iron and filings and shavings were a few weeks since deposited in a store near Taunton, Mass. and a few quarts of linseed oil accidentally spilt upon it. Three weeks afterwards, the heap was opened, and the iron found heated to redness. The iron was free from sulphur, which, with iron, produces spontaneous combustion.

The legislature of Kentucky has ordered \$700,000 of the Commonwealth's Bank to be called in and burnt—the paper to be called in regularly one per cent a month. The first bonfire is to take place on New Year's day, in presence of the President of the Bank, and other officers.

A fellow named Nixon Currie, who is spoken of as famous for his crimes, and of having been three times under sentence of death, made his escape on the 6th ult. from the goal of Statesville, (N. C.) by breaking through a window whilst the guard were at dinner. Having concealed himself till evening, he then stole a horse completely equipped, and made off.

Another culprit, a notorious horse thief, and who was sentenced to be hanged in Upper Canada, lately made his escape from prison the night previous to the day fixed for his execution. Not feeling perfectly at ease under his good fortune, he returned to his former practices—was caught in the act of stealing, and safely lodged in goal to await his punishment.

A meeting was held at Brooklyn, N. Y. on Wednesday evening week, to take into consideration the best means of aiding the unfortunate Greeks in their struggle for liberty. Gen. J. G. Sævi was called to the Chair, and Wm. Mead, Esq. was chosen Secretary. Several resolutions were passed, and a committee appointed to ask for money to aid the glorious cause of this once splendid people.

It appears from the Western Spy, that good salt can be purchased in Cincinnati for sixty two cents per bushel.

Remarkable Season.—We observe, by the state of the thermometer at Quebec, that the weather was much milder at that place, in the beginning of this month, than it was at New-York.

Iron.—At the Iron works of Truman Hart, Esq. in Pulteneyville, Ontario county, N. Y. there was manufactured in five days, at two fires, forty-seven hundred weight of wrought iron of various kinds.

According to the confession of Thomas Davis, who was lately executed in Alabama for counterfeiting, he had been 38 years engaged in that business, during which time he had made from 600,000 to 1,000,000 of dollars.

Captain Chase, from St. Petersburg, (arrived at New York) states, that "things appeared in a state of perfect tranquility. The Russian fleet, which had arrived a few days previous to his departure, were hauled into the Mole tripped and the crew discharged."

Shocking turpitude.—Lathrop Shurtleff, of Carver, (Mass) was lately committed to jail in Plymouth County, charged with having mixed arsenic with water in the tea kettle, for the purpose of poisoning his two daughters.

Capt. Hurdridge, arrived at Savannah, was informed by the captain of a Colombian privateer, that on the 24th October, he chased a piratical schooner ashore near the Sisal bank, where her crew left her on fire, and she blew up.

A bill has been reported in the legislature of South Carolina, for the purpose of rewarding three of the Negroes who gave information of the late intended insurrection. A bill has also been reported, which provides for the sending away all free negroes and persons of color, who have come into that state within the last five years.

The Treasurer of the Mercantile Library Association at New-York, acknowledges the receipt of a splendid copy (Edinburgh Edition) of Thompson's Universal Atlas—donation from Arthur Tappan, Esq.

Jamaica papers, of the 18th Nov. state that the *Scamers* had been cruising with two vessels off the Chagres, and had the audacity to fire twice at the fort. Several vessels were fitted out at Jamaica, to proceed against the ruffians.

The celebrated English captain Cochran, who is famous both in and out of Europe for his long excursions on foot, and who has been for two years engaged in a tour in Siberia, to discover whether in the high northern latitudes there is any connection between the continents of Asia and America, has married in Kamtschatka a native of that country, and is now on his return. He has not found any junction of the two continents.

Mr. JULES Charge des Affaires from Russia to the American Government and Baron MALTEZ, Secretary of Legation to that embassy, arrived in Washington city on Tuesday.

The last London papers inform us that "the King has been pleased to appoint HENRY URWIS AMBROSE, Esq. to be Secretary of Legation to the United States of America."

Annual trade of Kentucky.—A letter from Cumberland Ford, Kentucky, says, "up to the present period, there have passed place, 45,421 live hogs for market—they are worth 7 dollars each, which in opinion is a moderate calculation, amounts to 317,947 dollars.—5,446 horses and mules at an average of 80 dollars each, make 435,680. Only 236 stall-fed steers, at 35 worth 8260 dollars each makes 9,436 dollars. Two or three thousand hogs, 1 hog, are on the road to be added to the abovementioned. If only 2000 come, they will

add to the amount 14,000 dollars more, making in all, (at the lowest calculation of mine,) 777,067 dollars in good money. I trust the time is not very distant when Kentucky will restore her credit, and there will be no more relief measures prayed for, nor stop laws passed, which have disgraced one of the most prolific and rich states in the union, whose sons are bold and enterprising beyond any, I believe, in the world."

Alabama.—The Alabama Republican, published at Huntsville, speaking of the resources of Madison county, in that state, says that 149 guns were employed there on cotton, the growth of 1821, at which were cleaned and packed 7,026,667 lbs making 20,088 bales, averaging 300 lbs each. That quantity of cotton at 12 1-2 cents per lb. the average price of last year's crop, amounts to the sum of \$753,333.—While this year's crop, if it should prove equally abundant, at the present price of eight cents, would only bring \$482,133, leaving a deficit in the value of the exports of 271,200.

New-Orleans.—It appears by accounts from New-Orleans, to the 28th Nov. that the Yellow Fever had entirely subsided there, and that the Board of Health had given up the publication of daily reports of deaths. The planters and others on Red river, were enjoying perfect health, and their crops of cotton which had turned out well, were soon expected in the market.—The river was on the rise, and as numerous boats were on their way down, trade was expected to be brisk in a few days. The price of cotton was 14 1-2 cents. The Banks of New-Orleans, have given notice that they would receive bullion of pure silver, and *Hurricane dollars*, at par; Sand dollars, of approved quality, at 8 per cent. discount on their weight. A general expectation prevailed, that there would be considerable dealings in homespun and European goods throughout the internal provinces of Mexico, during the fall and winter.

SEA FIGHT.—A Spanish packet from Cadiz for Havana, was captured off Porto Rico, by a Columbian brig of war, after a severe engagement, in which the captain and several of the crew of the king's vessel were killed—the remainder arrived at St. Juan, (P. R.) A frigate, loaded with troops, arms, &c. from Vera Cruz, had the packet under convoy some days before her capture.

The Spanish brig Christina, Domenech, which left Algeiras Oct. 8th for Havana, was captured next day near Cape Spartel, after 13 hours fighting, by the Columbian schr. Daphne. The prisoners were put on board the ship Emma Matilda, arrived at Gibraltar.

Shipwreck.—The sloop Ann, Carman, which sailed from Charleston for Matanzas on the 12th ult. laden with rice, tar, &c. was lost on Abaco, (or the Hole-in-the-Wall) in a heavy gale of wind, 3 days after leaving port. The Ann went to pieces immediately, and the crew had no time to save any provisions or water. They were obliged to remain five days in an open boat in this desperate situation, without anything to subsist on, except a little grass. At length having reached one of the Abaco Keys, they were picked up by the English schr. Centipede, Capt Sawyer, and carried into Nassau, N. P.

FROM PERNAMBUCO.—The schr. George, Duane, arrived at Holmes' Hole in 32 days from Pernambuco, brings information that at the time of sailing great confusion prevailed in that city; most of the European troops had been sent home, and those which remained were closely watched. The troops were kept under arms in consequence of a change having taken place in the government; a new president had been chosen. The Light at Pernambuco was extinguished on the 14th of Oct. The George sprung a leak a few hours after leaving Pernambuco, which required both pumps to be kept in constant motion. She put into Paraibo to repair, and found that the leak was caused by a rat-hole eaten through the bow.

Singular Occurrence.—On Friday morning week, as Mr. Kingsbury who superintends the mills of Simeon Ford, Esq. near this village, was raising the gate to put the grist mill in operation, he was alarmed by a sudden explosion in the mills, resembling the discharge of a cannon. On examining for the cause, it appeared that the upper mill stone, weighing about 55 cwt. had burst asunder. One half of the stone was thrown about ten feet, and it appears that it was thrown this distance without having touched the floor. The hopper was found fifteen feet from its proper place, and its contents were scattered through the mill. We should be pleased to see a satisfactory explanation of the cause of this uncommon incident. The stone was manufactured at the quarry in New-Hartford, Oneida county.

PIRACY.—We are happy to find that Congress, with a promptitude that reflects the highest credit on their honorable body, have taken such measures as cannot fail to exterminate the nest of free-borders in the West-Indian seas, who have been so long feeding on the industry of our merchants and shippers, impoverishing their revenue, and murdering our defenceless countrymen. The following bill has been passed by both houses, and only requires the signature of the President to become a law.

Be enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to purchase or construct a sufficient number of vessels, in addition to those now employed, of such burden and construction as he may deem necessary, and to fit, equip, and man the same for immediate service, for the purpose of repressing piracy, and of affording effectual protection to the citizens and commerce of the U. S. in the Gulf of Mexico, and the seas and territories adjacent.

The last act of "Modern Hamlet"

As the stamp of ridicule has been cast upon the duelling proceedings of Camille and McDuffie, we almost owe an apology to our readers for again recurring to the subject. But the catastrophe of their tragedy having been developed, it seems well to mention it before the final dropping of the curtain. Letters have been received from Charleston and Augusta mentioning the particulars of their fourth and last meeting, which took place near Augusta. In the 4th act, Camille's second was the younger brother, who objected to the position of McDuffie's right wrist—as the latter was arrested or arrested. The fifth act was performed near Augusta on the 30th of November. Their first fire "missed no feather"—they both missed; but on the second, "horrid to relate," the ball of Camille's pistol hit the left arm of McDuffie just above the elbow, or below the shoulder and shattered the bone; in other words McDuffie was *wounded*, and Camille was *unhurt*. The antagonists shook hands on the field, and thus ended the comical farce.

FROM THE NEW-ENGLAND GALLERY.

The recent great race at Washington reminds me of one of equal importance that took place some years ago, in a country town in this state. There was a purse made up of ten dollars (not \$1000) and it was to be run for by two animals that might vie with the one that the renowned squire Sancho Panza rode. The day arrived, the nags were brought to the ground, there also appeared another candidate for the purse, some roughish boys brought on the race ground a good sized Hog, "all saddled and bridled for the fight," to enter the list. A debate arose among the "Jockey Club" whether Hog had a right to run with a Horse. It was finally concluded that he had a perfect right to contend for the purse, being regularly entered. The distance to be run was eighty rods; the time arrived, all three of the riders were mounted and ready—curiosity was on the tip—to be sure four to one against Hog—a hat was thrown into the air as a signal—the nags Bob and Jennie and Hog started together; the nags were put to their utmost speed, so was Hog; it was soon discovered that the nags were gaining ground of Hog; Bob being the foremost, the lash and spur were dealt sparingly, when as cruel fate would have it, Bob stumbled and fell, Jennie being directly in his wake, pitched over him and amidst the huzzas and shouts of a multitude Hog gained the race!

Another attempt to rob the Mail.

Extract of a letter to the Post Master-General, dated Post Office, Petersburg, Va. D. C. 14th Nov. 1822.
An attempt to rob the northern mail was made last night. It happened about seven miles from town; logs were placed in the road so as to stop the stage. Three men made their appearance. One, distinctly seen to be a white man, presented a double barrel gun at the driver calling upon him to deliver the mail; the driver replied that he would do so, if he would spare his life; a second shot to the door of the stage, and a third took his station behind. At this crisis, the driver, with great presence of mind, rang the gun back, struck the robber in the face with his whip, and by going in time over the whip to his horse, and by going in time speed about two miles, he saved the mail. When the driver caught the gun, the robber snatched him which saved his life. Two passengers sat in the stage at the time, but unharmed.
From the light reflected by the lamps, the driver was enabled to see the face of the robber, who is known to him. It is hoped he will be apprehended, and rewards are offered as inducements to take him."

Extract of a letter from Rio de Janeiro, dated October 16, 1822.

"Three days since, the ship Tea Plant, of New-York, from the Mediterranean, bound to the Pacific ocean, laden with brady, wines, &c. put in here in the greatest distress. On the 5th of September, near Cape Horn, she unfortunately came in contact with an Island of ice, which drove her bows in, breaking immense timbers, tearing up her deck, and starting the waterways entirely out of their place; carried away the bowsprit and foremast, and carried away the mainyard. She is so perfect a wreck that it would strike any one with astonishment how she ever survived it. This she certainly would not have done, had she not been one of the finest ships out of the United States. She is upwards of 400 tons burthen, built of live oak and cedar, and cost \$60,000. The island she struck on was upwards of 400 feet high, the top arching, under which the ship ran, so that flakes of ice fell on the quarterdeck and beyond it. It was a long time before they could disengage themselves, and afterwards the ship was so unmanageable that they had nearly got foul again. A considerable part of her cargo was thrown overboard to keep her above water."

LITERATURE.

Lord Byron's new work, in conjunction with Hunt, of the Examiner, and other Londoners, has made its appearance in London. It is entitled, "The Liberator's review and prose, from the south—Vol. the 1st." The London Literary Gazette speaks of the publication as a heavy, impious, and heartless work, in which there is a want of "gentlemanlike and natural feeling."

A letter from Pisa, in the Paris papers, says, that "Lord Byron has gone to Genoa, for the purpose of embarking for the United States."

Accounts from Naples state that the Travels of the late Count Camille Borghese in the North of Africa, particularly Tunis, have been sent to the press by his widow. Among the new publications in England, is one entitled "the author of Junius discovered in the person of the celebrated Earl of Chesterfield."

July 6-11

